

ADMINISTRATIVE COMPILATION BYLAW 09-23

BYLAW 09-23 TO REPEAL AND REPLACE BYLAW 10-16, CONCERNING THE COLLECTION OF RESIDUAL MATERIALS

Adopted by the Municipal Council on October 10, 2023 Entry into force on October 10, 2023

Name and/or number of bylaw, politic, resolution	Date of Council's approval	Coming into force	Status
Bylaw 10-16	July 12, 2016	July 16, 2016	Repealed and replaced

PREFACE

The reader is hereby advised that any errors or omissions that may be identified in the text below do not affect the enforceability of the regulations and amendments referred to therein, as sanctioned in their original version.

BYLAW 09-23 TO REPEAL AND REPLACE BYLAW 10-16, CONCERNING THE COLLECTION OF RESIDUAL MATERIALS

REGULAR meeting of the Council of the Municipality of Pontiac, held on October 10, 2023, at 7:30 p.m., at the Luskville Community Centre, at which meeting were present:

The Mayor, Mr. Roger Larose

The Council Members:

Diane Lacasse
Caryl McCann
Garry Dagenais
Serge Laforest
Chantal Allen

Being a quorum.

WHEREAS a notice of motion was given at a regular meeting of this Municipal Council, on September 12, 2023, indicating that this bylaw would be submitted for adoption;

WHEREAS the Municipal Council wishes to repeal and replace bylaw number 10-16 concerning the collection of residual materials;

WHEREAS the Municipal Council deems it advisable and necessary to adopt said bylaw;

THEREFORE, it is moved by Councillor Serge Laforest and seconded by Councillor Diane Lacasse.

AND RESOLVED THAT the Municipal Council of the Municipality of Pontiac decrees and rule as follows:

CHAPTER I – PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

SECTION 1 - PREAMBLE

The preamble to the present bylaw forms an integral part thereof.

SECTION 2 - DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

The following expressions, terms and words, when used in this bylaw, have the meaning, significance and application respectively assigned to them or by the context of the provision:

Roll-out bin: Container with wheels and a lid, with a capacity of 360L or 240L and fitted with a

European type lifting handle, designed to receive waste, recyclables or other

materials and must be fitted with a European type lifting handle.

Garbage bin: Closed, watertight wheeled bin made of plastic, coloured except brown or blue,

equipped with wheels and a lid, with a capacity of 360L or 240L and fitted with a

European type lifting handle.

Recycling bin: Blue, closed, watertight wheeled bin made of plastic, equipped with wheels and a

lid, with a capacity of 360L and fitted with a European type lifting handle.

Minor damage to a bin: Means damage to a wheeled bin that occurs during its service life, being the

result of normal use and easily repairable.

Major damage to a bin: Damage to a wheeled bin that cannot be repaired, which affects its use and

requires replacement of the bin.

Biodigestion: Technical device enabling putrescible matter of plant and animal origin to

decompose naturally using micro-organisms, fungi and worms.

Refers to a place where recyclable materials are placed. The sorting centre is one **Sorting centre:**

that has an agreement with the MRC des Collines.

Pavement: The surface on which vehicles travel on a road, excluding the shoulders.

Collection: The action of taking household waste, recyclables and bulky items placed on an access

road or other location and loading them into a completely enclosed vehicle.

« Biodigesteur »

composter: Municipally approved container for composting putrescible materials of plant or

animal origin, enabling biodigestion - See Biodigestion.

Contaminant: Refers to a solid, liquid or gaseous material, a micro-organism, a sound, a vibration,

radiation, heat, odour, or any combination of any of them likely to alter in any way

the quality of the environment.

Commercial

Containers authorized by the Municipality of Pontiac and made of

container: of solid materials of various sizes, watertight and with a lid, in good condition and

mechanically handled or emptied into a sanitary truck using a front or rear-loading

hydraulic system.

Ecocentre: Municipally approved site for depositing, sorting and recovering dry materials,

> construction-renovation and demolition residues, ceramics, wood, gypsum, shingles, insulation, concrete, branches, scrap metal, bulky items and household

hazardous waste.

Bulky items: Objects of any kind placed at the curb by occupants of an occupancy unit and

resulting from the cleaning of their grounds or buildings, weighing no more than 25

kg and measuring no more than 2 m on the longest side, such as furniture, devices

or appliances for domestic use.

The following are not considered bulky items and are EXCLUDED from the application of the present bylaw: all bulk materials such as rock, stone, earth, concrete, asphalt larger than one cubic foot, tree stumps, boxes, all car bodies or large parts of car bodies, truck boxes, snowmobiles, waste from forges, garages, tinsmiths, plumbers, all materials from demolitions or renovations and all materials from the operation of a farm, as well as all hazardous household waste (Ex. oil, paint, solvents, tires, batteries, etc.) as defined in Appendix 1 of this bylaw.

Bulky

metal: Bulky items made mostly of metal, including furnaces, water tanks, appliances,

swings, pipes and metal poles.

Driveway: Main or secondary access from private or public property to a road infrastructure or

right-of-way.

No one may substitute the term *driveway* for a private road, even if the property is

shared by four (4) or fewer occupancy units.

Warehouse: An enclosed shelter with a roof, four walls and a lockable door.

ICI: Refers to industries, businesses and institutions located on the territory of the

Municipality of Pontiac.

Immeuble: An immovable within the meaning of the Civil Code of Québec. For the purposes

of this contract, immovable also means a unit of occupancy.

Compostable

organic materials: Material that can be biodegraded by micro-organisms. Includes several types of

organic matter, including green waste such as leaves, grass and yard waste, as well as food waste such as fruit and vegetables, table scraps, meal preparation residues and other food residues generated by households, businesses and institutions, such as restaurants and food retailers. For the purposes of this bylaw,

compostable organic materials are defined in Appendix 1 of this bylaw.

Recyclables materials: Material that can be reclaimed through the recycling process and reintroduced

into a production cycle. More specifically, recyclable materials are listed in Appendix 1 of this bylaw and include paper and cardboard, glass, metal and

most plastics.

Residual materials: Any material resulting from a production, transformation or use process, any

substance, material or product, or any abandoned, outdated or discarded movable property or object that can be reclaimed, recovered, recycled, repaired, composted or "biodigested" naturally, or ultimately buried and disposed of. For the purposes of this bylaw, residual materials include all materials covered by this bylaw, i.e., recyclable materials, compostable organic materials and "biodigestable" organic materials, household hazardous waste (HHW), construction-renovation and demolition residues and dry materials, bulky items and small electrical and electronic appliances, computer equipment, reusable clothing, linens and textiles, miscellaneous reusable items and, ultimately,

garbage and waste.

The following are not considered residual materials and are EXCLUDED from the application of this bylaw: solid residual products at 200c from industrial or agricultural activities, motor vehicle carcasses, hydrocarbon-soaked soils and sands, products resulting from the treatment of contaminated soils by

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stabilization, fixation and solidification process, pesticides, biomedical waste, manure, mining residues, radioactive waste, sludge, solid residues from pulp and paper mills or sawmills, as well as hazardous materials within the meaning of paragraph 210 of section 1 of the Environmental Quality Act, waste residues which are not the above-mentioned hazardous materials, and which result from industrial processes in the tanning, petroleum refining, metallurgy, mineral chemistry, organic chemistry and surface treatment and coating sectors.

Dry materials: Refers to wood, cut-to-size, rubble and plaster, concrete and masonry, paving slabs

or any other construction or renovation materials, and crushed or shredded residues

that are not fermentable and do not contain hazardous materials.

Nuisance: Harmful to physical, moral or environmental health. See the standard nuisance

bylaws in effect and adopted by the MRC des Collines and the Municipality of

Pontiac.

Occupants: Refers to owners, tenants or residents occupying a dwelling or premises (building).

Officer in charge: Official responsible for issuing permits and certificates.

Household waste: All residual materials that cannot be repaired, recovered, recycled or reclaimed

through composting. Includes materials other than recyclables, compostable organic materials, household hazardous waste, electrical, electronic and computer equipment, bulky items, dry materials and materials from construction-renovation-demolition work. Materials that may be considered household waste are listed in

Appendix 1 of this bylaw.

Transshipment and household hazardous wastes centres A site managed by the MRC des Collines that focuses primarily on the

transshipment of household waste.

Household hazardous wastes (HHW) and hazardous and explosive materials:

Refers to the residues of many common household hazardous products which, if improperly disposed of in the environment, can cause damage to health and the environment. Many household residues can be considered hazardous, such as used oils and filters, paints, car batteries, solvents, garden pesticides, acidic cleaning products, medicines and others.

Green wastes: Vegetable matter produced by citizens or specialized businesses while gardening,

horticulture or landscaping activities.

Garbage bag: Conventional plastic bag, designed for this purpose, standard or normal size, green,

black or other colour, except blue bags to be used extraordinarily exclusively for

recyclables when the recycling bin is full.

Occupancy unit: Refers to residential, commercial or institutional occupancy units.

Residential occupancy

unit: Refers to all single detached houses, double houses, row houses, duplexes, houses

attached to a non-residential building, multi-unit buildings, condominiums which are specifically intended for residential use of 4 occupancy units or less. Each

residential civic address is considered a separate residential occupancy unit.

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Commercial occupancy

unit: Refers to land and a building including its outbuildings used by an owner, tenant or

occupant for commercial purposes.

Institutional occupancy

unit: Refers to a land and building that contribute to the organization of society or the

state. Without limiting its scope, it can mean: school, daycare centres, places of

worship, government building.

Serviced unit: Any property served by recycling, household waste and bulky goods collection.

CHAPTER II - GENERAL RULES

SECTION 3 - TERRITORY

This bylaw applies to the entire territory of the Municipality of Pontiac.

SECTION 4 – COLLECTION SERVICE

- **4.1** Once collected, household waste, recyclables and bulky items become the property of the Municipality, which may then dispose of them as it sees fit.
- 4.2 Therefore, it is forbidden for any person other than an employee of the Municipality or the firm holding the garbage, recycling and bulky items collection contract with the Municipality, to collect, remove or transport residual materials. Excluded, however, are firms or persons who recover scrap metal, used tires, paint, used oil and construction residues and who are authorized by the Municipality.
- 4.3 Where applicable, the collection of household waste, recyclable materials and bulky items is carried out in accordance with the contract for the collection of waste and recyclable materials signed with a contractor or managed by the Municipality, and in accordance with this bylaw.
- **4.4** Any occupant of a unit served by the Municipality is bound by the present bylaw to use the waste collection and disposal services determined by the Municipality.

<u>CHAPTER III - RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE OWNER OR OCCUPANT OF AN OCCUPANCY UNIT SERVED BY THE RESIDUAL MATERIALS COLLECTION SERVICE</u>

<u>SECTION 5 - RESPONSIBILITY TO SORT, RECOVER, PREPARE FOR DISPOSAL AND IMPLEMENT SAFETY MEASURES</u>

- 5.1 Before residual materials are disposed of in accordance with this bylaw, they must be sorted and deposited according to their respective category in the appropriate wheeled bins or at the designated location. As such, materials must be sorted as follows:
 - a) Household waste
 - b) Recyclables
 - c) Bulky items by category



5.2 Household waste and recyclables

All building occupants must dispose of their household waste, recyclables and bulky items in accordance with the provisions of this bylaw (see Appendix 1).

5.3 Compostable materials

All building occupants must compost all compostable materials (see Appendix 1).

5.4 Bulky items

Any occupant wishing to dispose of bulky items may do so by depositing them on the dates set out in the Municipality's collection schedule, in accordance with the contract awarded under the provisions of this bylaw (see Appendix 1).

5.5 Household hazardous waste (HHW) and hazardous materials

Any occupant wishing to dispose of household hazardous waste (HHW) and hazardous materials must do so at a service centre in the region indicated by Recyc Québec, at the Centre de résidus domestiques dangereux de la MRC des Collines-de-l'Outaouais, at the Municipality's ecocentre or at any other authorized location in accordance with any applicable provincial or federal law (see Appendix 1).

5.6 Construction and demolition waste

Any occupant of a serviced unit who wishes to dispose of construction or demolition materials must do so by transporting them at his or her own expenses directly to an authorized landfill site provided for by law, or by entering into an agreement at his or her own expense with a contractor, or by transporting them to the Municipality's ecocenter (see Appendix 1).

5.7 Bulky items, household hazardous waste (HHW) and hazardous materials, compostable materials and construction or demolition materials must never be deposited in wheeled bins or concealed with materials destined for either landfill or recycling.

5.8 Safety measures

The owner or occupant of the residential occupancy unit must secure, as much as possible, bulky items deposited at the curb for collection. He/she must ensure that no sharp or prickly object protrudes from the object and can injure a person who may be walking near the object, or a person mandated to collect bulky items. The bulky item must not contain chemicals or products hazardous to health. If a bulky item could present a safety hazard, the owner or occupant must notify the Municipality before the day of collection, for the Municipality to take the appropriate measures to ensure that the collection is carried out as safely as possible.

<u>CHAPTER IV - STORAGE OF RESIDUAL MATERIALS BETWEEN COLLECTIONS AND</u> COLLECTION METHODS

CHAPTER 6: SETTING OUT WHEELED BINS FOR COLLECTION

6.1 Wheeled bins must be placed at the edge of the driveway or entrance to the property at the junction with the roadway, in such a way as not to obstruct traffic or pose any danger to public safety.



As the collection of residual materials can be done by mechanical lifting, only residual materials inside wheeled bins placed at a maximum distance of 2 metres from the junction with the road and the private entrance will be collected. Bins must be placed at least 60 cm apart.

The owner or occupant must ensure that wheeled bins are visible and easily accessible, placed so that the wheels and handle face the street and the front of the wheeled bin faces the private property, with the lid closed.

During the winter, wheeled bins must be placed in such a way as not to interfere with snow removal operations.

As soon as the present bylaw comes into force, any private road owner or association will be deemed to have automatically authorized and permitted the free circulation of garbage trucks or pick-up trucks on their private road(s) for the purpose of door-to-door collection of residual materials. When the owner or association of a private road refuses access to garbage trucks, the said owner or association will be responsible for the purchase, construction and installation of a warehouse or centralized depot as provided for in the present bylaw.

When garbage, recyclables and bulky items are collected on private roads, the owner or association responsible for the private road is required to maintain, clear and de-ice the road so that the contractor holding the Municipality's garbage collection contract can use it safely.

Similarly, if the private road or driveway is not accessible, properly maintained, cleared of snow or ice, the collection of household waste, recyclables and bulky items will not be carried out.

No one may substitute the term *driveway* for a private road, even if the property is shared by four (4) or fewer occupancy units.

6.2 Drop-off and pick-up times for wheeled bins

Residual materials must be deposited no earlier than 4 p.m. on the day before collection day and no later than 7 a.m. on collection day.

Wheeled bins must be removed by 7 a.m. the day after collection.

6.3 Prohibition on rummaging through collection depots

It is forbidden for anyone to proceed with the recovery of residual materials deposited on the street for collection unless they have obtained prior authorization from the Municipality to this effect.

6.4 Municipality of Pontiac waste collection schedule

Household waste will be collected door-to-door once (1) every two (2) weeks for the entire year. Recyclables will be collected door-to-door once (1) every two (2) weeks for the entire year.

If collection is required on a holiday as defined herein, collection will be rescheduled for the following day.

Collection dates for the various types of residual materials and for the various sectors of the Municipality are set for the next calendar year, no later than the last day of the calendar year ending.

The schedule of waste collection dates must be published on the Municipality of Pontiac's website. The Municipality may also, on an optional basis, use other communication media to publish the dates of

collection of the various residual materials, in particular, publication in the newspaper distributed on the territory of the municipality.

It is the responsibility of Pontiac residents to be aware of these dates and to drop off wheeled bins and/or bulky items for collection on the dates identified by the Municipality for each collection. Residual materials put out for collection other than as prescribed in this bylaw will not be collected.

<u>CHAPTER V: AUTHORIZED CONTAINERS FOR GARBAGE AND RECYCLING</u> COLLECTION

SECTION 7 - BINS

7.1 Garbage bins

A closed, watertight wheeled bin, made of plastic, coloured except brown or blue, with wheels and a lid, with a capacity of 360L or 240L and equipped with a European type lifting handle, designed and marketed for the collection of residual materials.

Exceptionally, when the owner or occupant obtains a bin from the Municipality, the latter guarantees the replacement or repair of the lid, wheels and axle. Otherwise, when the bin is not provided by the Municipality, the latter entrusts the owner or occupant with the responsibility of keeping and maintaining the bins.

7.2 Recycling bins

A closed, watertight wheeled bin made of plastic, blue in colour, equipped with wheels and a lid, with a capacity of 360L, fitted with a European type lifting handle and designed and marketed for the collection of recyclable materials.

Exceptionally, when the owner or occupant obtains a bin from the Municipality, the latter guarantees the replacement or repair of the lid, wheels and axle. Otherwise, when the bin is not provided by the Municipality, the latter entrusts the owner or occupant with the responsibility of keeping and maintaining the bins.

7.3 Unauthorized containers

Containers which are not authorized by the present bylaw, such as conventional garbage cans and wooden, plastic or metal boxes, may not be used to store residual materials at the curb, in the front yard or in the front section of the driveway.

Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, enclosures for the storage of wheeled bins are authorized for the purposes of this bylaw.

CHAPTER VI: CONTAINERS AND RESPONSIBILITY TO COMPOST

SECTION 8 "BIODIGESTER" COMPOSTER

8.1 Notwithstanding section 5.3, all owners and occupants are required to compost putrescible materials. The owner or occupant may obtain from the Municipality a container for composting

putrescible matter of plant or animal origin. Composters are the responsibility of the owner or occupant of the occupancy unit, who is responsible for their maintenance, repair and replacement.

For special collections of dead leaves, exclusively, compostable paper bags for dead leaves and green waste sold and marketed for compost collection purposes are eligible containers for the purposes of this bylaw.

SECTION 9 - QUANTITY

9.1 Household wastes

The Municipality offers two (2) types of wheeled bins, 240 or 360 litres. The total quantity must not exceed the capacity of the wheeled bin per collection, per building, and the contents must not exceed the capacity of the bin(s) for which the occupant has obtained prior authorization from the Public Works Department, in terms of the number of bins.

9.2 Garbage bin limit

The number of wheeled bins for household waste is limited to 1 per residential occupancy unit and up to 4 or 5 for commercial and institutional occupancy units. Recycling and composting are not subject to any limit on the number of bins or composters.

To be considered a residential occupancy unit, a dwelling must have a civic address distinct from the main address of the building in which it is located. This distinction can be achieved by adding an apartment number or suffix to the main building address to distinguish the apartment from the main building.

9.3 Recycling

Each building must be equipped with at least one (1) wheeled recycling bin. The total quantity of recyclable materials must not exceed the capacity of the bin(s) authorized for the building.

9.4 Warehouses

The total quantity of household or commercial waste and recyclable materials must not exceed the quantity stipulated per collection, per building served by the warehouse mentioned in sections 12.1 and 12.2.

SECTION 10 - INDUSTRIES, BUSINESSES AND INSTITUTIONS (ICI)

10.1 Household wastes

Any occupant or owner of a place of business (non-residential building) that produces or requires more than the capacity of four 360-litre bins per collection is hereby required to enter into an agreement with the Municipality to use a container for household waste to provide for the removal and disposal of household waste, in accordance with the pricing bylaw in effect.

10.2 Recyclable materials

Any occupant or owner of a place of business (non-residential building) that produces or requires more than the capacity of four 360-litre bins per collection is hereby required to enter into an agreement with the Municipality to use a container to provide for the removal and disposal of recyclable materials, in accordance with the pricing bylaw in effect.

However, firms or individuals recovering scrap metal, used tires, batteries, construction debris and cardboard are excluded. The Municipality may also, by resolution, authorize any occupant or owner of a place of business (non-residential building) to recycle some of their materials on site, to market them or, to do so, to sign a contract with a firm specializing in recycling.

10.3 Other materials

Any occupant or owner of a place of business (non-residential building) is required to comply with the bylaw and applicable laws concerning the disposal of materials other than those mentioned above.

SECTION 11 – PUBLIC HYGIENE AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

- 11.1 Containers or warehouses used for residual materials must always be maintained in good condition and free from any breakage or defect likely to injure employees during removal.
- 11.2 Everyone must comply with the requirements of the Environmental Quality Act (LQE, Q-2).
- 11.3 Residual materials must always be stored in closed, leakproof containers in such a way as not to constitute a nuisance or contaminate the environment, whether by odour, accumulation or vermin.
- 11.4 Every occupant of a building located on the territory of the Municipality of Pontiac is required, by the present bylaw, to keep the yards and outbuildings attached thereto, clean and free of garbage and putrescible substances. It is the occupant's responsibility to pick up any scattered or spilled materials, regardless of the cause.

SECTION 12 - PRICING

Every owner of an immovable is subject to the payment of a fee for the collection of household garbage or recyclable materials, which fee is established and collected in accordance with the bylaw in force concerning a fee applicable to goods and services or activities offered by the Municipality.

SECTION 13 - ENFORCEMENT

- 13.1 The enforcement of this bylaw is entrusted to the Director of the Infrastructure and Public Works Department, as well as to any other employee of the Public Works and Urban Planning Departments of the Municipality of Pontiac. This mandate may also be delegated to any representatives of firms responsible for the collection of residual materials.
- 13.2 The enforcement of this bylaw is entrusted to the Director of the Infrastructure and Public Works Department and any other employee of the Public Works and Urban Planning Departments of the Municipality of Pontiac. He may, among other things, designate the persons responsible for issuing statements of offence pursuant to this bylaw.
- 13.3 Any person mandated to enforce the present bylaw is authorized to check the contents of containers to validate that the contents comply with the present bylaw. They also have the authority to report any violation of this bylaw.

- 13.4 Any person authorized to enforce the present bylaw is authorized to issue a correction notice to any owner whose container is deemed defective or unacceptable. No person shall spill, upset or damage bags, garbage cans or containers containing residual materials.
- 13.5 The authorized person has the right to visit the building between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. to ensure that the provisions of this bylaw are being followed and may take photographs and any samples he deems necessary to ensure that the provisions of this bylaw are being complied with.
- 13.6 Any occupant of an immovable is obliged to receive the mandated person.
- 13.7 No section of the present bylaw may have the effect of exempting anyone from the application of a federal or provincial law or be incompatible with any special provision of the Municipal Code or the Municipal Powers Act.

SECTION 14 - VIOLATIONS

It is prohibited and constitutes a nuisance and an offence to:

- a) Deposit or conceal in household garbage items such as (non-exhaustive list) tires, tanks, car or truck parts, construction scraps, compostable materials, dead animals, animal droppings as defined in the bylaw on agricultural operations, recyclable materials, HHW or hazardous materials and other materials provided for in provincial and federal laws and regulations.
- b) Use bags instead of bins.
- c) Rummage through a waste container to remove valuables.
- d) Throw, deposit, spread or leave residual materials in streets, public or private roads, public squares, vacant lots, streams, rivers, ponds, lakes or watercourses.
- e) Throw or deposit residual materials outside garbage or recycling containers, even if they are full.
- f) Spill, damage or break a container.
- g) Deposit liquid or semi-liquid materials of any kind in containers.
- h) Deposit or leave garbage bags on the side of the road, street or path, without depositing them in appropriate containers.
- i) Use recycling bins for purposes other than those prescribed by the present bylaw.
- j) Use barrels, old refrigerators or freezers to deposit garbage bags.
- k) Bring in or import household garbage, recyclable materials, garbage or construction waste produced on the territory of another municipality or town, for the purpose of having said items picked up and disposed of by the Municipality of Pontiac or its authorized representative.
- 1) To throw away or deposit residual materials in a centralized depot that does not specifically serve one's property.
- m) Any other failure to comply with the provisions of this bylaw.

SECTION 15 - PENALTY

15.1 Any contravention of the present bylaw renders the offender liable to a fine with or without costs according to the following procedure:

Intervention	Procedure	Fine
1 st	First correction notice	\$0
2^{nd}	Second correction notice	\$0
$3^{\rm rd}$	Issuance of first statement of offence	\$300
4 th	Issuance of second statement of offence	\$600
5 th	Issuance of third statement of offence	\$1,200

15.2 The contractor mandated by the Municipality to collect and transport household waste, recyclable materials and bulky items may issue courtesy tickets and statements of offence to offenders, at the Municipality's request.

SECTION 16 - REPEAL

The present bylaw repeals and replaces, for all legal purposes, bylaw number 10-16 concerning the collection of residual materials.

SECTION 17 - INTERPRETATIVE PROVISIONS

The masculine gender is used in the present bylaw without discrimination and includes the feminine gender to avoid excessive text.

SECTION 18 – COMING INTO FORCE

The present bylaw will come into force once the formalities required by law have been completed.

Carried

GIVEN AT PONTIAC, THIS October 10, 2023

Roger Larose

Mayor

Louis Alexandre Monast Assistant Director General

Clerk and Secretary-treasurer

Notice of motion:

Dépôt du projet de règlement

Adoption of the bylaw: Resolution:

Date of publication

And coming into force:

Septembre 12, 2023

September 12, 2023

October 10, 2023 23-10-5089

October 18, 2023

ANNEX 1 - LIST OF RESIDUAL MATERIALS

For the purposes of the present bylaw, the method of disposal of residual materials depends on the category in which they are classified, namely (non-exhaustive list):

1.1 Household wastes

Household waste includes any other material that is not recyclable, bulky, household hazardous waste, compostable material or construction and demolition waste that is destined for disposal in an engineered landfill or incineration facility and that complies with the Regulation respecting the landfilling and incineration of residual materials (c. Q-2, r.6.02) contained in the Government of Quebec's Environmental Quality Act.

This waste also includes domestic animal droppings (as defined in the nuisance bylaw), provided they are disposed of in bags.

1.2 Recyclables materials

1.2.1 Paper and cardboard

Newspapers, flyers, magazines, books, yearbooks, office paper, envelopes, brown paper bags, egg cartons, corrugated cardboard, milk and juice containers.

1.2.2 Plastic

All plastics bearing the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 7, including agricultural plastics, silage plastics and greenhouse plastics.

1.2.3 Metal

Cans, metal and aluminum cans, aluminum plates and dishes, cardboard containers with metal bottoms, iron, copper pipe, coat hangers.

1.2.4 Glass

Clear and coloured glass, soft drink and alcoholic beverage bottles, all-purpose glass containers.

1.3 Bulky items

- Bath (acrylic or fibreglass)
- Furniture with fabric (sofa, armchair)
- Mattresses
- Wooden bed base
- Blinds
- Large plastic object (furniture, toy)
- Garden hoses
- Plastic pool filters (emptied)
- Pool liner and carpets cut into 4-foot pieces, rolled up and tied down
- Styrofoam provided it contains no water
- Artificial Christmas tree
- Wooden furniture

- Bulbs and lamps are accepted in the household garbage or bulky goods collection, depending on size.
- Flat glass (windows, patio doors, panes and mirrors), but must not contain the frame. Glass should be broken up and placed in a cardboard box or open container.
- Aquarium, glass must be broken and placed in a cardboard box or open container.
- Pool pump
- Sweeper and vacuum cleaner

1.4 Household hazardous waste (HHW) and hazardous materials

1.4.1 Accepted HHW:

- Car batteries, alkaline and rechargeable batteries
- Rimless tires
- Acids
- Aerosols
- Bases
- Other organic
- Propane tanks
- Cyanides
- Oils
- Medicinal products
- Oxidizers
- Pesticides
- Reagents
- Electronic waste (computers, screens, cell phones, etc.)
- Solvents

1.4.2 Refused HHW:

- Biomedical waste
- Weapons and ammunition
- Compressed gas cylinders
- PCBs
- Radioactive waste
- Explosives and dynamite
- Commercial and industrial residues
- Unknown products

1.5 Compostable organic materials

1.5.1 Home composting

- Fruit
- Vegetables
- Meat
- Plant
- Dead leaves
- Grass
- Branches
- Soiled cardboard and paper

1.5.2 Industrially compostable materials

Any human or animal food residue composed mainly of natural organic matter, including vegetable oils and meats.

1.6 Uncontaminated or unburned construction and demolition waste

- Structural and finishing wood
- Windows including frame and glass
- Doors including frames, glass, hinges and handles
- Mortar, pieces of cement, stone, brick
- Insulation of any kind
- Vapour barriers of any kind
- Roofing paper (asphalt, metal or other shingles)
- Structural steel or aluminum studs
- Cabinets, walls